

LESSON PREPARATION FORM

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| Lecturer: Helena Rasche | |  | Date: |
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| Group: BML | Number of students: | | Classroom: |
|  | | | |
| Subject/lesson: Python Programming | | | |

**Starting situation:**

*What do the students already know about the subject and what can they already do? How do they feel about it? Have they already gained work experience?*

*Describe the composition of the group. When and where does the lesson take place? And similar.*

They generally know nothing about coding or programming in general. According to recent data, they probably do not even understand the concept of [files and folders](https://www.theverge.com/22684730/students-file-folder-directory-structure-education-gen-z?utm_campaign=theverge&utm_content=chorus&utm_medium=social&utm_source=twitter) very well which is integral to software development and bioinformatics coding. They might understand something of automation (many students have phone apps that help them automate) but I think increasingly they are unaware of the entire field. If they do know about it it’s probably an intimidating and/or scary subject for them as it essentially requires learning an “obscure” language and learning to write this. However they have had Galaxy courses which will have exposed them to the concept of workflows which can be a useful idea for them to transfer.

The composition of the group is Year 2 students who have experience with bioinformatics concepts but not with the command line or code yet. The lessons take place in computer rooms (or virtually on teams).

**Objective/lesson objective:**

*Describe the objective(s) of the lesson according to the 3C model, taking account of the taxonomy level according to Bloom.*

Understand the fundamentals of object assignment and math in python and can write simple statements and execute calcualtions in order to be able to summarize the results of calculations and classify valid and invalid statements.

Construct and subset “strings” to reinforce a key skill within the context of bioinformatics.

Understand the structure of a “function” in order to be able to construct their own functions and predict which functions will not work.

**Educational resources:**  
*Which learning materials do you use during your lesson? (book,  
smartboard, whiteboard, paper, etc.)*

Lesson documentation will be online, there are documents which cover the entire lesson and further information in tip boxes if students wish to re-review the lessons’ content and further their learning.

During the lesson students will have a computer available and will use an online system called CoCalc which lets them read a copy of the lesson materials and directly try out and experiment with the lesson content we’re teaching them.

**Assessment procedure:**

*Provide a description of the final assessment of the unit of study and at which of Bloom's taxonomy levels the assessment will be carried out.*

Using the CoCalc system, we will distribute a homework assignment to them where they need to do tasks at several levels:

- Some skeleton of the output will be provided for them, asking them to complete a missing statement demonstrating their ability to predict how the code works and respond with the missing component in order to achieve the desired output (APPLY)

- In the next case we will provide incorrect examples and ask the student to correct them (ANALYZE)

- At the next level we will provide open ended tasks with no skeleton and ask students to synthesize the required answer based on solely a description of the input and output (EVALUATE)

Every piece of code they will write will be evaluated with a number of sample inputs, so they can check their work (to an extent) and make sure it works ok. We will additionally have secret “teacher-only” tests which will ensure that even if the student decided to only handle the cases described, that they’ve properly considered all aspects of the problem and any potential exceptions they might encounter.



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| **Schedule (how long?)** | **Content (what?)** | **Teaching and learning activities/work forms (how?)** | | **Justify: how will this be used to reach the objective?** |
| **Teacher** | **Student** |
| **Introduction/start:**  **Around 20 min.** | Here we will have a very short introduction to what the python language is, and how it looks and how code is structured. More importantly we’ll discuss why automation is important for them. | Presentation on python  Discussion of how python lets you automate things. | Introductions  Mentimeter / Poll  (“What sort of automation do you think of in the context of technology” / “what would you like to automate in your life”) | The topic is quite large and students need an introductory period where they get to hear and see a bit of the topic before diving on in a hands in manner. Hopefully this step builds the foundation for furthering their knowledge during the rest of the lesson and provides the necessary base of Remember/Understand |
| **~10 minutes** | We’ll introduce students to the CoCalc platform with a series of slides which introduce the basic mechanics of moving around the interface. | Walkthrough/demo | Students log in and access a notebook guiding them through the process | Same as above, separate skill but same requirement of basic understanding/remembering required for subsequent portions of the lesson |
| **Math**  **~50 min.** | - Math (\* / + -) in python, math.sqrt, math.pow  - Strings (add / format)  - Translate function into python (exercise) | Live-coding | Code-along for first portion, followed by break out room where students are given a function to translate into python code | Here students gain practice running code and then begin learning to Apply a human description of a function to the transformations necessary for Python. |
| **~15 min** | Break | | | |
| **Functions!**  **~50 Min** | - What is a function (conceptually)  - What do they look like  - Fill in the missing part of a function (exercise)  - Write a new function that does a sepcific computation, building on previous portion (exercise) | Live-coding | Students will code-along with the teacher before moving into breakout rooms for the second exercise. | Same as above, but separate skill. The student takes the knowledge from the live-coding portion where they watched the teacher write some code (and did so along with the teacher), and then apply this in small exercises which are shared with the class. |
| **Conclusion:**  **Around min.**  **~20 Min** | - Recap of Math + Strings  - Recap of Functions  - Q & A | Presentation  Questions  Open Discussion | Students will answer pop quiz type questions during the recap presentations | Here we test the lower level Remember skills before the homework assignments will test their higher taxonomgy levels. Here we just want to make sure they internalised the contents of the lesson before they go home. |